UW Medicine

DIEP Flap CareMap

How to prepare and what to expect after your surgery

Getting Ready for Surgery	Surgery Day	
Planning	Before you leave home:	
Meet with your surgeons and other members of your care team	Take another shower with Hibiclens	Surgery
Make decision to have surgery	At the hospital:	
 Make decision to have surgery Work with plastic surgery and breast surgery Patient Care Coordinators (PCCs) to set surgery date Have CT scan of blood vessels in your abdomen to prepare for flap surgery Talk with Anesthesia or Internal Medicine team to get cleared for surgery (in person or by phone) Meet with plastic surgeon or physician assistant to update paperwork, if needed If you smoke, you must STOP right away, and at least 4 weeks before your surgery 2 Weeks Before Surgery Stop taking Tamoxifen (you may resume taking this drug 2 weeks after discharge) 7 Days Before Surgery Stop taking nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or other medicines that may increase bleeding (ibuprofen, Celebrex, aspirin, and others) Day Before Surgery Receive a call from a nurse with your arrival time Shower with the antibacterial soap (Hibiclens) 		After surgery, you will: Vake up in the intensive care unit (CU) You will have: An IV in your arm to give you fluids and antibiotics Compression devices on your legs to help with blood flow Compression devices on your legs to help with blood flow A Foley catheter in your bladder to remove urine Your nurse will: Teach you how to use your incentive spirometer – do this 10 times each hour every day while you are in the hospital Make sure your pain is in control Check your flaps every hour
 Night Before Surgery Do not eat anything after midnight You may drink clear liquids up until 2 hours before your arrival time 	 The Anesthesiology Team will take you to the operating room 	
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Day 1: Intensive Care Unit	Day 2: Plastic Surgery Unit	Discharge (Day 3 or 4)
Medicines and Treatments	Medicines and Treatments	Medicines and Treatments
Nurses will check the circulation to your flaps every hour	□ Nurses will check blood flow to	□ Nurses will check blood flow to your flaps
Nurses will carefully watch your vital signs	your flaps every 2 hours	every 4 hours
Pain controlled by:		►
- Local anesthetic block (placed during surgery)		
- Opioid pain medicine		
- Acetaminophen (Tylenol) and ketorolac (Toradol)		
Take stool softeners to help you have bowel movements	Diet	
Diet		Diet Regular Meals
□ If your flaps remain stable overnight, start drinking clear fluids this morning	If your flaps are stable, start eating a normal diet	Normal diet
	Day 2 or 3: IV removed if you	
	can drink enough fluids by mouth	
Activity	Activity	Activity
Spend the morning sitting up in bed	□ Aim to get out of bed to sit in a	Get out of bed to sit in a chair, walk to
Meet with physical therapist (PT) or occupational therapist (OT) to:	chair, walk to the bathroom, and walk in the hallway with PT or	the bathroom, and walk in the hallway with the PT or nurse at least 4 times a
- Learn how to roll to one side to get in and out of bed	OT	day
- Have help meeting the goal of sitting up in a chair by the end of the day		
For 4 weeks after surgery, do NOT:		►
 Lift your affected arm(s) to the side more than 45 degrees (elbows no higher than your ribs) 	Meet with social worker to talk	Practice stairs with PT, if needed
Lift your affected arm(s) to the front above shoulder level	about home healthcare or a	Nurses may help you take a shower
- Reach behind your back	skilled nursing facility, if needed Training with OT on how to:	You may be ready to leave the hospital
- Lift anything that weighs more than 10 pounds (a gallon of	- Shower safely	if:
water weighs almost 9 pounds)	- Do activities of daily living	- You can get out of bed by yourself
- Do exercise that makes you breathe hard or your heart beat faster	(ADLs)	 Your pain is under control, and you are able to get up and around OK
- Push or pull on anything Do:	- Change your bandages	
- Move your arm(s) very gently	(dressing)	
- Think "T-rex arms"		
Drains and Catheters	Drains and Catheters	Drains and Catheters
 Your drains will be emptied 2 times a day and the amount of drainage will be recorded 		
Drains may be removed once amount of drainage is less than 30 ml in 24 hours for 2 days in a row		
□ Foley catheter in place until you can get to the commode or bathroom	Foley catheter removed by now	Discharge

After Discharge: Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Medicines	Medicines	Medicines		Ì	
Pain controlled by:					
- Opioid pain medicine	Start taking				
- Acetaminophen and ibuprofen	Tamoxifen again				
□ Start to decrease (taper) your opioid dose as you can,	Keep tapering opioid	Take only			► ►
taking acetaminophen (Tylenol) or ibuprofen instead	dose, taking Tylenol or ibuprofen instead	Tylenol or ibuprofen			
Keep taking stool softeners every day until you have stopped taking opioids		for pain			
Diet	Diet	Diet	Diet	Diet	Diet
Normal diet					► ►
Activity	Activity	Activity	Activity	Activity	Activity
Shower every day					► ►
□ Take short walks often	Take daily walks,				► ►
□ Aim to be out of bed most of the day	slowly increase how far you walk	Activity			
General For 4 weeks after surgery, do NOT:		Guidelines –	├	□ Start to use	When your plastic
- Lift your affected arm(s) to the side more than				your arm(s) more fully	surgeon says it is OK, resume
45 degrees (elbows no higher than your ribs)Lift your affected arm(s) to the front above shoulder level			You may	and drop	normal activities
 Reach behind your back 			drive if you have stopped	lifting limits	with no restrictions
- Lift anything that weighs more than 10 pounds (a			taking opioids		
gallon of water weighs a little over 8 pounds)			and you feel comfortable		
- Do exercise that makes you breathe hard or your heart beat faster			sitting behind the steering		
- Push or pull on anything			wheel		
Do:					
 Move your arm(s) very gently 					
- Think "T-rex arms"					
Follow-up	Follow-up			Follow-up	Follow-up
Visit with breast cancer surgeon 1 to 2 weeks after surgery if reconstruction was done at the same time as your mastectomy:	Visit with plastic surgeon 2 weeks after surgery:			You may start physical	 Visit with plastic surgeon 6 to 7 weeks after
- Review pathology report	- Check incisions			therapy and	surgery:
30 ml in 24 hours for 2 days in a row	- Drains removed if drainage less than			massage	- Release to return to normal
- If needed, talk about more medical or	30 ml in 24 hours for 2 days in a row				activities
radiation treatments	 Remove Doppler wires 				 Talk about revisions, if needed
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