UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON MEDICAL CENTER

Gynecology/Oncology Surgery Enhanced Recovery CareMap

How to prepare and what to expect during your hospital stay

The steps in this CareMap are for your healing, comfort, and safety.

Before Surgery Day	Surgery Day		
Clinic Visit	Before you leave home:	After surgery, you will:	
 Meet with your surgeon and other care team members. Learn what to expect before, during, and after surgery. Sign consent papers. Talk with your nurse about this CareMap. Talk with your nurse about your nutritional supplement 	 Take another shower with the antibacterial soap that was prescribed. Drink 8 ounces of apple juice when you arrive at the parking garage at UWMC. At the hospital: 	 Wake up in the recovery area Be moved to a bed in a hospital unit You will have: 	
 and where to buy it. Starting 7 days before surgery: Stop taking aspirin or other medicines that can thin your blood. 	 At your assigned arrival time, check in at Surgery Registration on the 2nd floor of the Surgery Pavilion. A nurse will call you to come to the Pre-Op area. 	 An IV in your arm to give you fluids and medicines Compression devices on your 	
 Starting 5 days before surgery: Eat your regular diet. Drink your immunonutrition supplement drink 3 times a day. If you have diabetes, drink ½ serving 6 times a day. 	 An IV tube will be placed in your arm to give you fluids and medicines. An Anesthesiologist will talk with you about the anesthesia (sleeping medicine) you will receive during surgery. 	 legs to help with blood flow A Foley catheter (tube) in your bladder to drain urine (this will be removed the day after surgery) 	
 Day before surgery: If your surgeon told you to take MoviPrep and oral antibiotic medicines, take them as instructed. Receive a call from the hospital with your assigned arrival time. Night before surgery: Take a shower with the antibacterial soap that was prescribed. Before midnight, drink 8 ounces of apple juice. Starting 6 hours before your surgery, do not eat anything. 	 You will receive medicines by mouth for pain and to prevent nausea. Wraps will be placed on your legs to help with blood flow. You will be given a heating blanket to keep you warm, improve healing, and lower the risk of infection. Keep the blanket on, even if you feel warm enough. Your Surgical Team will meet with you to review your surgical plan and to answer any questions. The Anesthesiology Team will take you to the operating room for surgery. 	 Your nurse will: Take your vital signs Help you sit up on the side of your bed Teach you how to use your incentive spirometer and remind you to use it 10 times each hour every day during your hospital stay to keep fluid out of your lungs Answer any questions you have about your pain medicines 	

Day 1	Day 2	Day 3 until Discharge	At Home
 Medicines Medicine you received during surgery will ease pain for 72 to 96 hours. You will receive pain pills as needed. You may receive medicine to ease nausea so that you can eat. You may receive the drug alvimopan to help move your bowels. 	 Medicines, Take pain pills as needed. Your doctor may prescribe medicines and stool softeners to help move your bowels. If you need the medicine enoxaparin, your care team will teach you how to give yourself a shot of the medicine. 		 Medicines Taper your pain medicines, taking them only as needed. Take a stool softener or laxative as prescribed. If taking enoxaparin, give yourself 1 shot every day for 28 days.
 Diet Receive fluids through your IV until you start drinking liquids by mouth. Eat solid foods if you do not have nausea or bloating. Drink 2 boxes of liquid nutrition to help you heal. 	 Diet Eat a regular diet. Drink 2 boxes of liquid nutrition each day to help you heal more quickly. 		 Diet Eat a regular, healthy diet. Drink plenty of water to stay hydrated – this if very important for your recovery.
 Activity A Physical Therapist (PT) may assess you. An Occupational Therapist (OT) may assess you. Do not get out of bed without help from a PT, nurse, or patient care technician. Aim to walk 3 to 4 times in the hall. Your goal is to walk 9 laps of the unit and be out of bed for 8 hours. Use your incentive spirometer 10 times each hour. Sit in a chair for all of your meals. Bathing Sponge bath 	 Activity Sit in a chair for all of your meals. Aim to walk 3 to 4 times in the hall. Your goal is to walk 18 laps of the unit and be out of bed for 8 hours. The more you move, the faster you will heal. Bathing Day 2: Sponge bath or shower Day 3: Shower 		 Activity Keep being active. Aim to walk at least 1 mile every day. Do not lift, push, or pull anything that weighs more than 10 pounds (1 gallon of water weighs almost 9 pounds). Bathing Use your regular soap to shower. Let water gently run over your incision area. Pat dry with a clean towel.
 Planning □ Ask to meet with a social worker if you have concerns about where you will go after discharge. 	Planning	 On Discharge Day Shower and dress in your own clothes by 9 a.m. At the Pharmacy at Discharge A pharmacist will teach you about your discharge medicines. If you are taking enoxaparin, you will receive a supply and you and your caregiver will receive teaching. 	 Make sure your follow-up clinic visit is set for 2 to 3 weeks from your discharge day. To reach the clinic, call 206.598.8300. A recorded voice will give you options: To talk with a nurse, press 1 To set up a clinic visit, press 4