UW Medicine

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON MEDICAL CENTER

Insulin Instructions

Knowing how much insulin to take

When to Call

- Call the person or clinic checked under "Who to Call" below if:
 - 3 of your blood glucose checks are less than _____
 - Any blood glucose check is less than 70
 - You have any other questions

Who to Call

- For urgent care needs, call 911.
- Weekdays during clinic hours, call your primary care provider (PCP) or diabetes care provider:

__ Phone: __

• After hours and on weekends and holidays, call 206.598.6190 and ask to page the

_ on call.

Checking Your Blood Glucose

Do a fingerstick blood glucose check 4 times a day – before each meal and at bedtime.

Follow-up Visit

• Schedule a follow-up visit for _____ weeks after you leave the hospital. This visit will be at the

___ clinic.

• Bring your blood glucose records to this visit.

See page 2 for insulin instructions.

Place patient label here

Your goal blood glucose:

Your name:

Date:

Long-Acting Insulin Instructions

- Give for blood glucose higher than 80.
- If your blood glucose is less than 100 at bedtime, eat a snack with protein and starch, such as $\frac{1}{2}$ tuna sandwich, to prevent low blood glucose.
- Inject *subcutaneously* (into the fatty tissue under your skin):

Insulin Type	Before Breakfast	Before Lunch	Before Dinner	Before Bed

Fast-Acting Insulin Instructions

- 15 minutes before eating, inject this type of insulin *subcutaneously* (into the fatty tissue under your skin):
 - □ Lispro (Humalog) □ Aspart (Novolog)
- Take your fast-acting insulin doses at least **3 hours apart**.
- Use the table below to know how much fast-acting insulin to inject based on your blood glucose level.

Blood Glucose	Before Breakfast	Before Lunch	Before Dinner	Bedtime or Not Eating		
70 or lower	No insulin. Drink 4 ounces (1/2 cup) of juice. Recheck your blood glucose in 15 minutes. Repeat until your blood glucose is above 100, then eat your meal.					
71 to 99	units	units	units	units		
100 to 150	units	units	units	units		
151 to 199	units	units	units	units		
200 to 249	units	units	units	units		
250 to 299	units	units	units	units		
300 to 349	units	units	units	units		
350 to 399	units	units	units	units		
Above 400*	units	units	units	units		
* If your blood glucose is above 100, call one of the numbers under "Who to						

* If your blood glucose is above 400, call one of the numbers under "Who to Call" on page 1.

Questions?

Your questions are important. Call your doctor or healthcare provider if you have questions or concerns.

See page 1 of this handout for who to call for help.