Patient Education

Food and Nutrition



Diet for Gastroparesis

The basics

This handout provides basic diet information for people with gastroparesis. It gives general guidelines to follow and a list of foods to choose or avoid.

This is basic information. At your next clinic visit, schedule an appointment with a dietitian, who will give you more detailed information about the diet and guidelines for gastroparesis.

Here are some general guidelines to follow:

- Eat 6 or more small meals per day.
- Do not eat foods high in fat or eat too much fat added to foods.
- Chew foods well cut meat into very small pieces.
- Avoid foods high in fiber.
- Sit up while you eat, and for 1 hour after eating.
- Use the tables in this handout to help you choose the foods you eat.

Choose These Foods

Starches			
Breads White bread Bagels English muffins Plain rolls Pita bread Flour tortilla Pancakes Waffles	Cereals Quick oats (plain) Grits Cream of Wheat, Cream of Rice Puffed wheat or rice Cheerios, Sugar Pops, Kix, Fruit Loops, Special K, Cocoa Crispies, Rice Krispies	Grains and Potatoes Rice (plain) Pasta (plain) Bulgur wheat Barley Potatoes (plain, no skin) Sweet potatoes Yams French fries (baked)	Crackers

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	Meat and Alternatives			
Beef Baby beef Chipped beef Flank steak Tenderloin Skirt steak Round rump	PorkLean porkTenderloinChops97% fat-free ham	 Wild Game Venison Rabbit Pheasant (no skin) Duck (no skin) Goose (no skin) 	Cheese Cottage cheese Grated parmesan	
Veal Leg Loin Rib Shank Shoulder	Poultry • Chicken (no skin) • Turkey (no skin)	Fish and Shell Fish	Other	
	Vegetables, F	ruits, and Fruit Juices		
 Vegetables Beets Carrots Mushrooms Strained vegetables Tomato juice Tomato puree and sauce 	 Fruits Applesauce Bananas Peaches (canned) Pears (canned) Strained babyfood fruits 	 Juices Apple, apple cider Cranberry (sweetened or low-cal) Grape Nectars (apricot, peach, pear, and papaya) Orange, grapefruit Pineapple, pineapple/orange Prune 		
 Dairy Buttermilk Yogurt (plain) Evaporated milk Milk powder Milk (as tolerated) Cream cheese 	Soups • Broth • Bouillon • Strained • Creamed (with milk or water)	MayonnaiseMargarineButterFat-free graviesVegetable oil spray	Beverages • Hot cocoa (with milk or water) • Kool-Aid • Tang • Gatorade • Soft drinks • Coffee • Tea	

Questions?

Your questions are important. Call your doctor or health care provider if you have questions or concerns. UWMC clinic staff are also available to help.

Roosevelt Clinic: 206-598-4005 or 206-598-8750

UWMC Food and Nutrition Services: 206-598-6004

Other			
Sauces and Flavorings Cranberry (smooth) Butter buds Mustard Ketchup Soy sauce Teriyaki sauce Tabasco Vanilla extract Vinegar	Crackers and Cookies • Animal crackers • Ginger snaps • Graham crackers • Vanilla wafers	 Desserts Angel food cake Custard/pudding Gelatin Popsicles Sherbet (plain) 	Sweets Gum Gumdrops Hard candy Jelly beans Lemon drops Rolled candy (such as Lifesavers) Marshmallows Seedless jams and jellies

Avoid These Foods

The following foods have been associated with *bezoars*. A bezoar is a mixture of food residues that can accumulate in a stomach that does not empty well.

Do Not Eat			
Fruits		Vegetables	
• Apples (raw)	• Figs	Brussels sprouts	 Potato peels
• Berries	 Oranges 	 Green beans 	 Sauerkraut
• Coconuts	• Persimmons	• Legumes	

At your next clinic visit, please ask to see the dietitian to learn more about the diet for gastroparesis and how it can fit into your lifestyle.

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