UW Medicine

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON MEDICAL CENTER

Low-fat Diet For chyle leak or retroperitoneal lymph node dissection (RPLND)

You may need to follow a low-fat diet after some procedures or during some treatments. While following a low-fat diet, it is important that you eat enough nutritious food to prevent weight loss. A registered dietitian can support you as you make these dietary changes.

Why do I need to follow a low-fat diet?

You need to follow a low-fat diet if:

- □ You have had a retroperitoneal lymph node dissection (RPLND).
- □ You have a chyle leak.

What do I need to know about low-fat diets?

- Low-fat diets help prevent your *lymphatic system* from absorbing fat. The lymphatic system balances the fluids in your body. It is part of the immune system.
- After an RPLND, it is important to prevent the risk of a *chyle leak*. Chyle is a fluid that contains fat. Chyle travels through your lymphatic system as part of the fat absorption process. During a chyle leak, this fluid can enter other areas of the body, causing swelling, fluid buildup, and other issues.
- Eating a low-fat diet can help prevent a chyle leak from happening.
- Please tell your registered dietitian (RD) if you are on a low-fat diet for more than 3 to 4 weeks and are experiencing weight loss.

Eating After an RPLND or During a Chyle Leak

After an RPLND, you will need to:

• Follow a diet of 20 to 30 grams of fat per day for 30 days after your operation to prevent a chyle leak.

If you have a chyle leak, you will need to:

- Follow a low-fat diet until your doctor tells you that your chyle leak is resolved.
- This low-fat diet will include less than 20 grams of fat per day.

General Guidelines

- Read food labels to check the fat content of foods (see the section on food labels below).
- Prioritize "fat-free" foods. These are foods that have a total amount of 0 to 0.5 grams of fat per serving.
- Try to spread out your fat intake throughout the day. Make sure most of your daily fat is not coming from a single meal.
- Avoid foods that are high in fat (see table on page 3).
- Eat regularly to make sure you are getting enough nutrition.

MCT Oil

- *Medium-chain triclycerides* (MCT) are a type of fat that are usually not absorbed by the lymphatic system if eaten in small amounts. If you eat large amounts of MCTs, they may be absorbed through the lymphatic system.
- Only use MCT oil if you cannot get enough calories in your diet from food alone. Your RD can help you make this decision.
- Start by taking 1 tablespoon (5mL) once a day. Every 3 days, add 1 more tablespoon. Keep increasing in this way until you are taking 3 tablespoons a day. You do not have to take all 3 tablespoons at once.
- Stop increasing the amount of MCT oil you take if you experience diarrhea or nausea. Do not take more than 4 to 6 tablespoons a day.
- You can add MCT oil to fat-free beverages such as water, Gatorade, fruit juice, soda, skim milk, and black coffee.
- You can also add MCT oil to fat-free hot cereal, mashed potatoes, vegetables, pasta, soups, salad dressings, or applesauce.

Nutrition Facts Labels

- Nutrition Facts labels can help you manage your low-fat diet.
- Products labeled "fat-free" contain 0 to 0.5 grams of fat per serving.
- Products labeled "low-fat" contain 3 grams of fat or less per serving.
- Always check the serving size on the Nutrition Facts label. The arrows on the image to the left show where to look for serving size and total fat content per serving.
- Remember that if you plan to eat 2 servings, that means you will eat 2 times the amount of fat listed on the Nutrition Facts label.

Nutrition Fac	
Serving size 3/4 cup (17	70g)
Amount per serving	0
Calories 13	Ū
% Daily	Value
Total Fat 0g	1%
Saturated Fat 0g	0%
Trans Fat 0g	
Cholesterol 15mg	4%
Sodium 95mg	4%
Total Carbohydrate 17g	6%
Dietary Fiber 0g	0%
Total Sugars 8g	
Includes 0g Added Sugars	0%
Protein 14g	

This example of a food label shows where to look for the serving size and amount of fat in a serving.

Foods to Eat and Foods to Avoid

Food Groups	OK to Eat	Do NOT Eat
Dairy	 Fat-free dairy products such as fat-free yogurt, cheese, cottage cheese, milk, sour cream, cream cheese, or creamer Skim milk Fat-free Carnation Instant Breakfast mixed with skim milk 	 Low-fat or full-fat dairy products
Meats and Proteins	 Skinless, white poultry (such as white chicken or turkey meat) with the fat trimmed off Lean fish (cod, perch, halibut) Light tuna canned in water Egg whites or egg substitutes Fat-free lunch meat Fat-free hot dogs Fat-free veggie burgers Boiled or canned beans without added fat (black, pinto, kidney, white, lima) 	 Red meat Dark poultry meat Poultry skin Fatty fish such as salmon Whole eggs and egg yolks Fried meats of any kind Meats cooked in any type of fat or oil All nuts All nut butters, including peanut butter
Fruits	 Fresh, frozen, or canned fruits Fruit juice Jams and jellies Dried fruits such as raisins 	AvocadosCoconuts
Vegetables	 Fresh or frozen vegetables Vegetable juices, such as tomato juice Fat-free tomato sauce or paste Pickles 	 Olives Vegetables canned in oil Fried vegetables Vegetables cooked in oil, butter, or any type of fat Vegetables with cream or cheese sauces

Food Groups	OK to Eat	Do NOT Eat
Bread, Grain, Cereal Products	 Fat-free bread or bagels Fat-free pasta Rice Fat-free crackers Fat-free cereals Fat-free muffins White potatoes Sweet potatoes Plain popcorn 	 Breads or cereals that contain nuts Bread topped with oil or butter Cereals with fats or nuts Popcorn with butter or added fat
Beverages	 Black coffee Coffee with fat-free creamer Tea Carbonated drinks, such as soda or sparkling water Fruit juices Sports drinks such as Gatorade Fat-free, high-protein supplement drinks (such as Ensure Clear) 	 Coffee or tea with added cream Beverages that contain fat, such as Ensure Plus and full-fat or low-fat milk or chocolate milk.
Fats	 Fat-free salad dressing Fat-free mayonnaise 	 Regular salad dressings Mayonnaise Sandwich spreads Cream sauces Gravy All vegetable oils, including olive oil Butter Lard Cream
Soups	 Fat-free broth Soups made with fat-free or skim milk 	 Soups with cream, milk, butter, or cheese

Food Groups	OK to Eat	Do NOT Eat
Other	 Ketchup Yellow mustard Hot sauce Honey Maple syrup Soy sauce Fat-free salsa Sugar Herbs and spices 	 Buffalo sauce Any sauces or condiments made with oil, cream, butter, mayonnaise, or other forms of fat Pasta sauces with olive oil
Desserts	 Fruit Hard mints Jelly beans Licorice Fat-free frozen yogurt Fat-free ice cream Fat-free cookies Fat-free fruit-flavored desserts such as popsicles or sorbet 	 Pastries or cakes Doughnuts Chocolate

One-day Sample Menu

Breakfast	Dinner
 1/3 cup blueberries 1/3 cup oatmeal 1 cup skim milk OR 1 fat-free bagel 2 tablespoons fat-free cream cheese 	 Brown rice and chicken bowl: 1/3 cup brown rice 2 ounces steamed skinless chicken breast with salt and pepper 1/2 cup black beans Roasted red bell peppers Fat-free pico de gallo or salsa Fat-free shredded cheese Lime and cilantro
Lunch	Snacks
 Fat-free veggie burger with tomato and lettuce on a potato bun OR Bahn mi sandwich with steamed chicken, fresh carrots, cucumber, and fat-free mayo 	 Dried mango, apricots, or other fruit Fruit smoothie made with skim milk and frozen fruit 1 cup fat-free yogurt 1/4 cup diced strawberries or other fresh fruit
Sides	Desserts
1 cup steamed broccoli1 apple, sliced	 2 scoops fat-free ice cream OR Fat-free popsicle made with real fruit juice

Questions?

Your questions are important. Contact your dietitian if you have questions or concerns.

Your dietitian's name and phone number: