



	手術前	手術後:第1天	手術後:第2天	手術後:第3天	手術後:第4天	手術後:第5天			
身體活動		轉移到坐椅上。護士評估是否需要進行物理治療/職業治療,並組織會診。	轉移到坐椅上。作短距離步行。會診是否需要進行物理治療/職業治療。	• 每天步行至少 3 次,需要時給予協助。	● 每天獨立步行 3 至 4 次。	● 每天獨立步行 4 次。			
飲食		禁止用口進食或飲用任何東西。無噁心或嘔吐。檢查是否有腸音。	 檢查是否有腸音。 檢查是否有放屁。 開始飲用清流質性飲料。 護士評估是否需要與營養師商量,並組織與營養師商量。 	 出現腸音。 放屁。 允許進食高級飲食。 接受迴腸造口手術的病人需要間隔性地飲用液體,可能需要飲用更多液體。必須慢慢開始進食食物,以觀察身體的反應。 與營養師商量。 	自手術後開始排便。允許進食高級飲食。	自手術後開始排便。允許用餐。			
教育	已排期的手術: 在腫瘤科、腸胃科、泌尿科進行手術前約診,或在門診進行手術前約診: ● 標示出要造口的胃部。 ● 討論: □ 腹壁造口的類型與功能 □ 手術後護理 □ 疼痛處理 □ 住院時間 5 至 7 日 □ 電視 □ 資訊包 □ 造口聯合協會 (United Ostomy Association) 未排期的手術: 病人入院途徑: □ 急診室 □ 門診 ● 手術前如果有時間,接受手術前和手術後的教育。	 護士將提供: 新病人用品包 (Starter kit) 資訊包 基本的造口用品 護士檢查: 疼痛處理 手術後護理 資訊包 造口的類型與功能 便袋清空 病人能夠: 開始檢查造口和便袋 看護士清空便袋 其他: 護士安排"造口護士"會診 	護士檢查: □ 資訊包 □ 便袋更換 □ 是否有可看的電視 □ 造口用品 病人能夠: □ 在護士幫助下清空便袋 □ 説出皮膚和從造口排出物的正常外表 其他: □ 護士安排"造口聯合協會"的會員在病人住院期間或出院後探訪病人。	註冊護士檢查: □ 便袋更換 □ 臭味處理 □ 需要留意的症狀 病人能夠: □ 獨立清空便袋 □ 觀察護士取出便袋、清潔和評估腹壁造口和四周的皮膚,以及更換墊片和便袋 □ 更換便袋,需要時護士給予幫助 其他: □ "造口護士"會診	病人能夠: □ 説出需要多經常更換便袋 □ 説出兩層過敏 □ 説出如何預防和治療皮膚過敏 □ 調出可防止臭味 □ 獨立清空便袋 □ 説出到哪里獲取造 □ 用品	病人能夠: 取出便袋、清潔和 評估腹壁造口和四 周的皮质,與勢片和便袋 說出後續的 說出後續的 期和時間 其他: 護士給病人有醫生 簽名的購買 品的處方			
出院計劃	□ 记排期的手術:□ "如何訂購造口用品"資料□ 病人作出手術後如何坐車回家的安排	● 與社工一起評估: □ 照護者需要 □ 家庭保健需要 □ 交通運輸需要		 ●確定出院計劃: □目的地 □交通運輸 □居家護理需要 □造口用品 □出院後2至3天回門診作後續檢查 		出院!			
資源	 ■ 醫生:協調護理,並將在門診對病人進行後續診療。 ● 造口護士: 造口護士: 造口護理專家,可能在你住院前、住院期間和/或出院後與你見面,回答你的問題,並幫助協調護理。 ● 門診部護士: 在你自院前和出院後負責護理你和教育你。 ● 住院部護士: 在你手術後住院期間負責護理你。幫助協調會診、提供初次造口用品,以及教育你。 ● 社工:協助住房、交通運輸、安排出院後的造口用品和家庭保健服務。 ● 營養師傅: 協助膳食設計,並與你商量如何滿足你的營養需要。 ● 物理治療(PI):協助解決行動問題,加強鍛煉,以及步行。 ● 職業治療(OI): 协助日常生活的活动,例如洗澡、穿衣服、进食等等。 ● 造口聯合協會(United Ostomy Association): 地方支援團體,擁有一批義工,可在你手術前後的任何時間與你見面。擁有數個可用資源。 								



Ostomy Care Map

	Pre-Surgery	Post-Surgery: Day 1	Post-Surgery: Day 2	Post-Surgery: Day 3	Post-Surgery: Day 4	Post-Surgery: Day 5			
Physical Activity		Transfer to chair.Nurse evaluates needs for PT/OT and initiates consult.	Transfer to chair.Walk short distances.PT/OT consult.	Walk at least 3 times a day with help as needed.	Walk independently 3 to 4 times a day.	Walk independently 4 times a day.			
Diet		Nothing by mouth.No nausea or vomiting.Check for bowel tones.	 Check for bowel tones. Check for passing gas. Start on clear liquids. Nurse evaluates need for Dietitian consult and initiates consult. 	 Bowel tones present. Passing gas. Advance diet as tolerated. Ileostomy patients have alterations in fluid needs, and may need to drink more. Need to introduce foods slowly to see how body responds. Dietitian consult. 	 Bowel movement since surgery. Advance diet as tolerated. 	 Bowel movement since surgery. Tolerating meals. 			
Education	Scheduled Surgery: Pre-surgery appointment in Oncology, GI, Urology, or Pre-Surgery Clinic: Marking stomach for ostomy. Discuss: Stoma type and function Post-op care Pain management S- to 7-day length of stay Videos Information packet United Ostomy Association Unscheduled Surgery: Patient admitted from: ER Clinic visit Pre- and post-op teaching as time allows before surgery.	Nurse to Provide: Starter kit Information packet Basic ostomy supplies Nurse Reviews: Pain management Post-op care Information packet Ostomy type and function Pouch emptying Patient Able to: Begin looking at ostomy and pouch Watch nurse emptying pouch Other: Nurse arranges for Ostomy Nurse consult	Nurse Reviews: Information packet Pouch changing Videos available to view Ostomy supplies Patient Able to: Empty pouch with help from nurse State normal appearance of skin and output from ostomy Other: Nurse offers to arrange for member of United Ostomy Association to visit during hospital stay or after discharge.	RN Reviews: Pouch changing Odor control Symptoms to call about Patient Able to: Empty pouch independently Observe nurse removing pouch, cleaning and assessing stoma and surrounding skin, and changing wafer and pouch Change pouch with help as needed Other: Ostomy Nurse consult	Patient Able to: State how often to change pouch State how to prevent and treat skin irritation State how to prevent odor Empty pouch independently State how to change pouch State where to get supplies	Patient Able to: Remove pouch, clean and assess stoma and surrounding skin, and change wafer and pouch State follow-up appointment Other: Nurse gives patient a prescription for ostomy supplies signed by doctor			
Discharge Planning	Scheduled Surgery: "How to Order Your Supplies" handout Patient makes plans for transportation home post-surgery	 Evaluate with social worker: Care provider needs Home health needs Transportation needs 		 Finalize plans for discharge: Destination Transportation Home care needs Supplies Follow-up in clinic 2 to 3 days after discharge 		Discharge!			
Resources	 Doctor: Coordinates care and will follow up in clinic. Ostomy Nurse: Specialist in ostomy care who may meet with you before, during, and/or after your hospital stay to answer questions and assist in coordinating care. Outpatient/Clinic Nurse: Cares for and educates you before and after your inpatient hospital stay. Inpatient Nurse: Cares for you while you are in the hospital post surgery. Will assist with coordinating consults, providing initial supplies, and education. Social Worker: Assists with housing, transportation, arranging for supplies after discharge, and home health services. Dietitian: Assists in meal planning, and discusses with you how to meet your nutritional needs. Physical Therapy (PT): Assists with mobility issues, strengthening exercises, and walking. Occupational Therapy (OT): Assists with activities of daily living such as bathing, dressing, eating, etc. United Ostomy Association: Local support group that has volunteers available to meet with you at any point around your surgery. Has several resources available. 								