

## Pheochromocytoma CareMap: Your Hospital Stay How to prepare and what to expect

Before Surgery Day	Surgery Day	
At your pre-surgery clinic visit:	Before you leave home:	After surgery, you will:
<ul> <li>Meet with your surgeon and other members of your care team.</li> <li>Learn what to expect before, during and after surgery.</li> </ul>	☐ Take another shower using the same steps as last night.	☐ Be moved to the intensive care unit so that we can
<ul><li>□ Sign consent papers.</li><li>□ Make sure your follow up visit is set up for 2 weeks after</li></ul>	Do <b>not</b> apply deodorant, lotions, scents, or hair products after your shower.	watch you closely. You will have:
discharge.	At the hospital:	☐ An IV in your arm to give
☐ Confirm that you have a heart rate (HR) monitor and blood pressure (BP) monitor at home.	☐ Check in at Surgery Registration (Surgery Pavilion, 2nd floor) at your assigned arrival time.	you fluids and medicines.  Leg wraps that fill with air
About 14 days before surgery:	☐ A nurse will take you to the pre-	from time to time, to help
<ul><li>Meet with your Endocrinologist.</li><li>Begin taking medicines as prescribed before surgery.</li></ul>	op area. Your family may come with you.	blood flow and lower the risk of blood clots.
☐ Follow a high-sodium diet. Drink more water. ☐ Check your HR and BP every day, using the form we gave you.	An intravenous (IV) line will be placed in your arm to give you antibiotics and fluids.	☐ A Foley catheter (tube) in your bladder to drain urine. This catheter was placed
Call your nurse if you have any questions or concerns.	☐ We will give you a heating blanket to keep you	during surgery.
<ul> <li>7 days before surgery:</li> <li>Stop taking NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs), vitamins, and other supplements.</li> </ul>	warm, improve healing, and lower infection risk. Keep the blanket on, even if you feel warm enough.	<ul><li>□ An arterial line in your wrist.</li><li>□ A larger IV (central line) in your neck that was placed</li></ul>
☐ Meet with the Pre-Anesthesia nurse or Anesthesia resident.	☐ Your nurses will review your current medicines,	during surgery.
Day before surgery:	and your doctors will review any updates to your	Your nurse will:
☐ Receive a call from the hospital with your assigned arrival time.	health history.	☐ Help you sit Sit on Bed
Night before surgery:	You will meet with your surgeons, who will answer any questions you may have.	up on the edge of your
<ul> <li>□ Before you go to bed, take a shower with the special soap that was prescribed:         <ul> <li>Shower and shampoo with your regular soap.</li> <li>Rinse well.</li> <li>Wet a clean washcloth, then turn the shower off.</li> <li>Pour 1/2 bottle of CHG soap on the washcloth. Use the washcloth to wash from your shoulders to your knees. Wash your groin crease, but not your private parts.</li> <li>Leave the soap on your skin for 1 minute.</li> <li>Rinse well.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ The Anesthesia team will talk with you about the anesthesia (sleeping medicine) you will receive during surgery. They will place an arterial line (tube) into your wrist. This will be used to check your blood pressure during surgery.</li> <li>□ The Anesthesiology team will take you to the operating room.</li> <li>□ We will take your family or friends to the waiting room.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check on your every hour.</li> <li>Teach you how to use an incentive spirometer (IS).</li> <li>This device helps keep your lungs clear so that you heal more quickly.</li> </ul>
□ After midnight, do not eat anything. You may take sips of clear liquids if needed to take your medicines.		

Medicines and Treatments  ☐ You will receive pain pills to take, as needed. ☐ You may receive fluids through the IV.  Diet ☐ If you do not have nausea, swelling, belching, or hiccups, you can start a regular diet.  Activity ☐ Use your IS 10 times every hour. ☐ Do not get out of bed without help from staff.  Moving will help your body heal faster: ☐ Sit up in a chair for all of your meals. ☐ Take 3 to 4 walks in the hall. ☐ On day 1, your goal is to walk 9 laps of the unit. Starting on day 2, your goal is to walk 18 laps of the unit. ☐ Aim to be out of bed for 8 hours.  Sponge Bath  Medicines ☐ Taper your pain pills. Take them only as needed. ☐ If you are constipated, take the stool softener your doctor prescribed. ☐ Diet ☐ Eat your regular, healthy diet. ☐ Drink Water ☐ Drink Water ☐ Drink Water ☐ Drink Water ☐ Walking ☐ Be active. Try to walk up to 1 mile every day. ☐ For 4 to 6 weeks after discharge, do not lift anything that weighs more than 15 pounds (2 gallons of water weigh) ☐ Walking ☐ Pounds (2 gallons of water weigh) ☐ Take 3 to 4 walks of the unit.
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Bathing more than 16 pounds).
□ Sponge bath or shower.  □ Sponge bath or shower.  □ Sponge bath or shower.  □ Sponge bath or shower. □ Sponge bath or
Planning  ☐ You may shower at any time. Use regular soap. Gently wash the incision
☐ Know your goals for discharge:  area and pat it dry.  Shower  area and pat it dry.
□ □ Do <b>not</b> take a bath, sit in a hot tub, go
swimming, or immerse your incision in water until your surgical team says it is
Ask to meet with a social worker if you have concerns about where you will go after discharge.
On Discharge Day
☐ Shower and dress in your own clothes by 9 a.m.
□ A pharmacist will teach you about your home medicines.
☐ Make sure you have a follow-up clinic visit for 2 weeks after discharge.